

27 کتوبر 1947ء سمیری عوام کیلئے سیاہ ترین دنوں میں سے ایک ہے۔ جموں و سمیر پر اُس دن سے شر دع ہونے دالے بھارتی قبضے نے اپنی تقدیر خود طے کرنے کی کشمیریوں کی جائز خواہ شات کا گلا گھونٹا۔

گزشتہ 76 برسوں کے دوران بھارت نے نہ صرف جموں و کشمیر کے عوام کی طرف اپنی ذمہ داریوں سے انحراف کیا بلکہ اقوام متحدہ کی سلامتی کو نسل کی قرار دادوں سے رو گر دانی کر کے کثیر الجہتی سفار تکاری کو بھی نظر انداز کیا۔ غیر قانونی طور پر بھارتی زیرِ تسلط جموں و کشمیر کے لوگوں نے اس طویل عرصے کے دوران لامتناہی ظلم و ستم بر داشت کیے ہیں۔ تاہم، بھارت کشمیریوں کے بنیادی حق خو دارا دیت حاصل کرنے کے عزم کو کچلنے میں ناکام رہا ہے۔

آج کے دن میں تشمیریوں کے حق خو دارادیت کی جدوجہد میں اُن کی مثالی جرات کو خراج تحسین پیش کر تاہوں۔ تشمیری عوام بھارتی افواج کی جانب سے زیاد تیوں کا سامنا کر رہے ہیں اور بلاشبہ ان کی بیہ قربانیاں رائیگاں نہیں جائیں گی۔

بھارت کے 5 اگست 2019ء کے کیطر فیہ اور غیر قانونی اقدامات اقوام متحدہ کی سلامتی کونسل کی قرار دادوں اور بین الاقوامی قوانین کی صر یکے خلاف ورزی ہیں۔ آبادیاتی تبدیلی لانے اور متنازعہ علاقے پر بھارتی قبضے کو بر قرار رکھنے کی کو ششوں کا مقصد کشمیر کی عوام کے اپنے مستقبل کاخو د فیصلہ کرنے کے جمہوری حق کو نقصان پہنچانا ہے۔

آج تشمیری عوام کو مختلف پابندیوں کا سامناہے۔ تشمیریوں کی قیادت کو نظر بند کیا جارہاہے اور ان کی آواز دبائی جارہی ہے۔ تاہم ، انسانی حقوق کی مسلسل خلاف ورزیاں تشمیریوں کی منصفانہ جدوجہد کو مندمل نہیں کر سکتیں۔ عالمی برادری اور میڈیا کو نہتے تشمیریوں ک حالتِزار کو اجاگر کرنا چاہیے اور مقبوضہ جموں وتشمیر میں ہونے والی بربریت اور انسانی حقوق کی خلاف ورزیوں پر بھارت کا محاسبہ کرناچاہیے۔

پاکستان متعدد مواقع پر اس بات پر زور دیتا آیا ہے کہ جنوبی ایشیامیں امن واستحکام اقوام متحدہ کی سلامتی کو نسل کی متعلقہ قرار دادوں اور کشمیریوں کی امنگوں کے مطابق تنازعہ جموں و کشمیر کے پر امن حل پر منحصر ہے۔بھارت کو یہ جان لینا چاہیے کہ وہ طاقت کے استعمال سے کشمیریوں کی جدوجہدِ آزادی کو نہیں دباسکتا۔

پاکستان نے 1947ء میں بھارتی قبضے کے آغاز سے ہی مظلوم کشمیری بھائیوں اور بہنوں کے ساتھ اپنی مستقل حمایت اور لیجہتی کا اظہار کیا۔ پاکستان اقوام متحدہ کی سلامتی کونسل کی قرار دادوں اور کشمیری عوام کی امنگوں کے مطابق تنازعہ کے حتمی حل تک اپنی حمایت جاری رکھے گا۔

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Message from Dr. Arif Alvi President of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan On the occasion of 'Kashmir Black Day' on 27 October 2023

27 October 1947 is one of the darkest days for the Kashmiri people. The Indian occupation of Jammu and Kashmir, which began on that day, stifled the legitimate aspirations of the Kashmiris to determine their own destiny.

Over the last seventy-six years, India has not only reneged on its obligations to the people of Jammu and Kashmir but has also shown disregard to multilateralism by backtracking on the UNSC resolutions. The people of the Indian Illegally Occupied Jammu and Kashmir (IIOJK) have endured endless oppression during this long period. However, India has failed to blunt their resolve to realize their inalienable right to self-determination.

This day, I pay homage to the exemplary courage of the Kashmiris in their continued fight for the right to self-determination while simultaneously resisting the excesses being committed by the Indian forces. Undoubtedly, their sacrifices will not go in vain.

The unilateral and illegal actions of 5 August 2019 are in blatant violation of the UN Security Council resolutions and international law. The efforts to effect a demographic change and perpetuate the Indian occupation of the disputed territory are aimed at undermining the Kashmiri people's democratic right to decide their own future.

Today, the Kashmiri people are enduring multi-faceted curbs, with their leadership incarcerated and their voice muzzled. However, the ongoing human rights violations cannot dampen the Kashmiris' just struggle. The international community and media should highlight the plight of these defenseless people and hold India accountable for its brutalities and human rights violations in IIOJK.

Pakistan has underscored at a number of occasions that peace and stability in South Asia remain contingent upon peaceful resolution of the Jammu and Kashmir dispute in accordance with the relevant UNSC resolutions and aspirations of the Kashmiris. India must realize that it cannot suppress the freedom struggle of the Kashmiris by the use of force.

Pakistan has shown its steadfast support and solidarity with the oppressed Kashmiri brothers and sisters since the beginning of Indian Occupation in 1947. It will continue to do so until the final resolution of the dispute in line with the UNSC resolutions and as per aspirations of the Kashmiri people.

<u>Message from Mr. Anwaar-ul-Haq Kakar,</u> <u>Prime Minister of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan,</u> <u>on 'Kashmir Black Day' - 27 October 2023</u>

Today marks the 76th anniversary of India's occupation of the large parts of Jammu and Kashmir against the will of the local people. On 27 October 1947, India landed its troops in the Indian Illegally Occupied Jammu and Kashmir (IIOJK) for the first time. It continues to forcibly occupy this territory ever since.

In the last seventy-six years, India has tried different methods to perpetuate its illegal rule on Jammu and Kashmir. However, an intensified campaign to 'Indianize' Kashmir and transform Kashmiris into a disempowered community in their own land has been in full swing since 5 August 2019. The Indian Occupation has taken a number of steps to realize these nefarious goals, including gerrymandering of the electoral constituencies, addition of non-Kashmiris to voter rolls, issuance of domicile certificates to outsiders, and introduction of new laws on ownership of land and property. These undemocratic and illegal measures are in direct contravention of the relevant UN Security Council resolutions and the Fourth Geneva Convention.

Today, the IIOJK remains one of the most militarized regions of the world. The true representatives of the Kashmiri people have been arbitrarily detained for years. Media blackouts and censorship are being extensively imposed to conceal oppression and muzzle dissent. Thousands of innocent Kashmiri men, women and children have lost their lives at the hands of Indian brutality during the last three decades. India has, however, failed to subjugate the Kashmiri people.

The latest developments in the Middle East have shown that the long-standing disputes should not be allowed to fester. Pushing them under the rug does not guarantee durable peace. Three successive generations of Kashmiris have waited for the world, especially the United Nations, to deliver. The world can no longer eschew its responsibility. It owes it to the Kashmiris. The international community must take practical steps to hold India accountable for its excesses in IIOJK. The Indian Government must reverse the unilateral and illegal actions of 5th August 2019; stop its egregious human rights violations in IIOJK; and implement the relevant UN Security Council resolutions.

Pakistan, as always, stands shoulder-to-shoulder with its Kashmiri brethren. It will continue to extend its full moral, diplomatic and political support to their just struggle for realization of their inalienable right to self-determination.

<u>Message from Mr. Jalil Abbas Jilani,</u> <u>Foreign Minister of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan,</u> <u>on 'Kashmir Black Day' - 27 October 2023</u>

27th October marks the beginning of a dark chapter in the history of Jammu and Kashmir. On this day, seventy-six years ago, the Indian forces landed in Srinagar to occupy this territory.

In the subsequent years, the United Nations Security Council, through several of its resolutions, upheld the fundamental right of the Kashmiri people to decide their own future through a fair and impartial plebiscite. However, reneging on its repeated commitments to implement these resolutions, India continues to deny the Kashmiri people their inalienable right to self-determination.

Since 5 August 2019, India has triggered a process to further consolidate its occupation of Jammu and Kashmir, and to disempower the Kashmiri people in their own land. To achieve these goals, multi-faceted attempts to change the demographic structure and political landscape of the Indian Illegally Occupied Jammu and Kashmir (IIOJK) are being made.

The Indian Occupation is bent upon suppressing any form of dissent. Extreme restrictions on freedom of expression and assembly are in place. Thousands of political leaders and activists remain incarcerated.

Jammu and Kashmir's brave sons and daughters have valiantly resisted all Indian attempts at coercion and control. I avail this opportunity to pay homage to the martyrs for the Kashmir Cause and victims of the Indian brutalities. India has failed to subjugate the Kashmiri people because of their selfless sacrifices.

Peace in South Asia remains a high priority for Pakistan. It desires peaceful ties with all its neighbors, including India. However, for a durable peace in the region, the Jammu and Kashmir dispute needs to be resolved in accordance with the UN Security Council Resolutions and aspirations of the Kashmiri people.

In the last seven decades and a half, successive generations of Kashmiris have waited for the United Nations to deliver on its commitments. The international community must urge India to stop the ongoing human rights violations in IIOJK; reverse the unilateral and illegal actions of 5 August 2019; and implement the UN Security Council Resolutions.

For its part, Pakistan stands in complete solidarity with the Kashmiri people in their struggle for realization of their inalienable right to self-determination. It will continue to extend its full political, moral and diplomatic support to their just struggle.